

### **2020 First-quarter**

### **Earnings Conference Call** April 30, 2020

People Finding A Better Way®

## Separated Together





## Safe Harbor Statement

Certain statements and projections contained in this presentation are, by their nature, forward-looking within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements are based on our current expectations, estimates and projections about our industry and business, management's beliefs, and certain assumptions made by us, all of which are subject to change. Forward-looking statements can often be identified by words such as "anticipates," "expects," "intends," "plans," "predicts," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," "may," "will," "should," "would," "could," "potential," "continue," "ongoing," similar expressions, and variations or negatives of these words. These forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future results and are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions that could cause our actual results to differ materially and adversely from those expressed in any forward-looking statement. Dana's Annual Report on Form 10-K, subsequent Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, recent Current Reports on Form 8-K, and other Securities and Exchange Commission filings discuss important risk factors that could affect our business, results of operations and financial condition. The forward-looking statements in this presentation speak only as of this date. Dana does not undertake any obligation to revise or update publicly any forward-looking statement for any reason.



## Agenda

### Introduction

### Craig Barber

Senior Director, Investor Relations and Strategic Planning

### Business Review

### James Kamsickas

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

### Financial Review

### Jonathan Collins

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer



### **Pandemic Response Priorities**





# Protecting Our Employees

### **Ensuring Safe Workplaces**



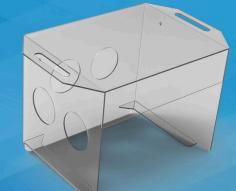


# **Protecting Our Communities**

### **Dana People Making a Difference**



Dana utilizes engineering expertise and 3D printing capability to develop needed protective equipment and provide it as open source



Reusable patient enclosures for hospitals



**Improved light-weight** face shields for frontline responders



**CPAP** mask adapter

# **Protecting Our Customers**

### **Customer Support in the Most Challenging of Times**

### Supporting continued production

### **Ongoing engineering support**

### Managing supply chain

### **Ramping for restart**



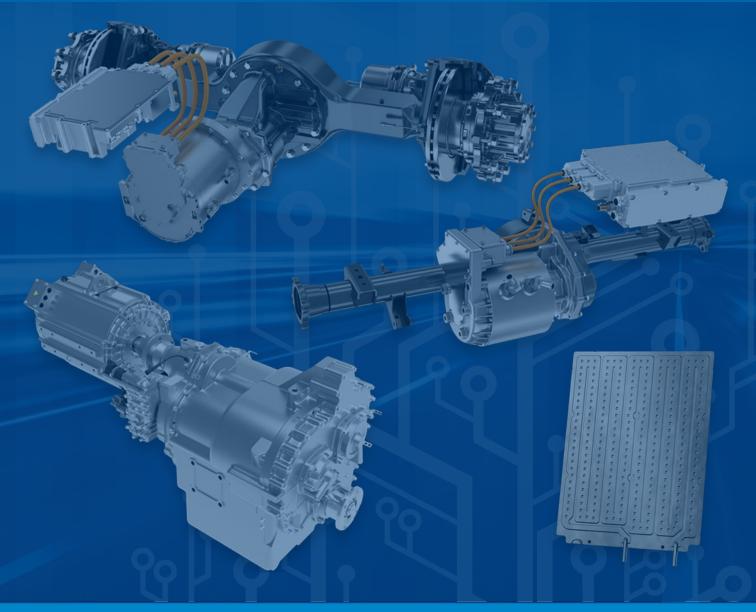


### **Financial Strength**

### **Technology Development**

Cash Conservation

Access to Liquidity





## **Current Customer Status**<sup>1</sup>

### **Light-Duty Market**

### 50% 50% of Sales\* of Sales' **Commercial Vehicle** Light Vehicle Idle through April Idle through April Limited production Limited production Idle through April Idle through April Idle through April Limited production Solid production Solid production

Aftermarket, agriculture, and mining remained mostly operational as "essential businesses"

**Heavy-Duty Markets** 

- Supply base assessment: stable but with focused monitoring
- Customer new program development delays remain minimal
- Most European customers are in restart mode
- Remaining customers expected to return to some level of production in May





- Mixed by end market
- Limited production
- Idle through April
- Limited production
- Solid production





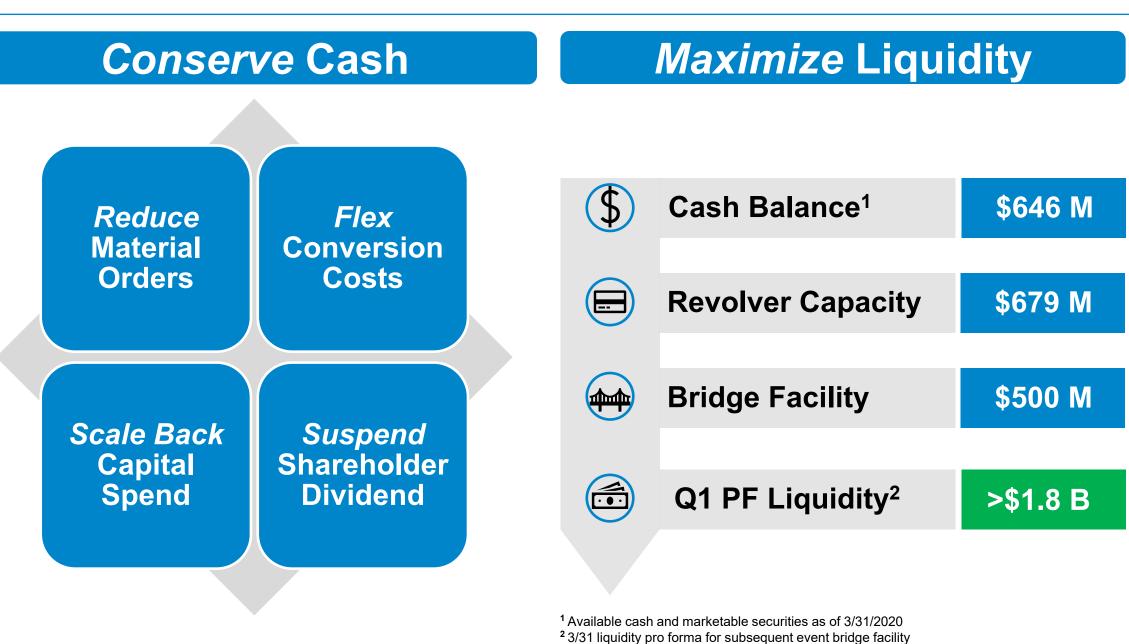
### **Financial Review**

People Finding A Better Way®



## **Near-Term Financial Priorities**

- Significant opportunity to generate cash by reducing inventory as production demand declines
- Pulling all levers to flex hourly and salary labor costs including temporary lay-offs and pay reductions (50% CEO. 20% board and management, 4-day work week in US, intermittent TLO in EU, etc.)
- Capital spending reductions initiated in first quarter (35%)
- Temporary dividend suspension preserves additional flexibility
- Carrying more of liquidity in the form cash
- Secured \$0.5B of additional liquidity in form of bridge facility



### Laser focus on conserving cash and maximizing liquidity





## **2020 Q1 Financial Results**

- Sales and profit declines primarily attributed to production shutdowns associated with the global COVID-19 pandemic
- Lower diluted adjusted EPS primarily due to lower earnings
- Adj. FCF use comparable with prior year as first quarter is typically a use of cash due to seasonal working capital requirements
- Capital expenditures rapidly flexed down to lower rate in expectation of lower full-year production demand

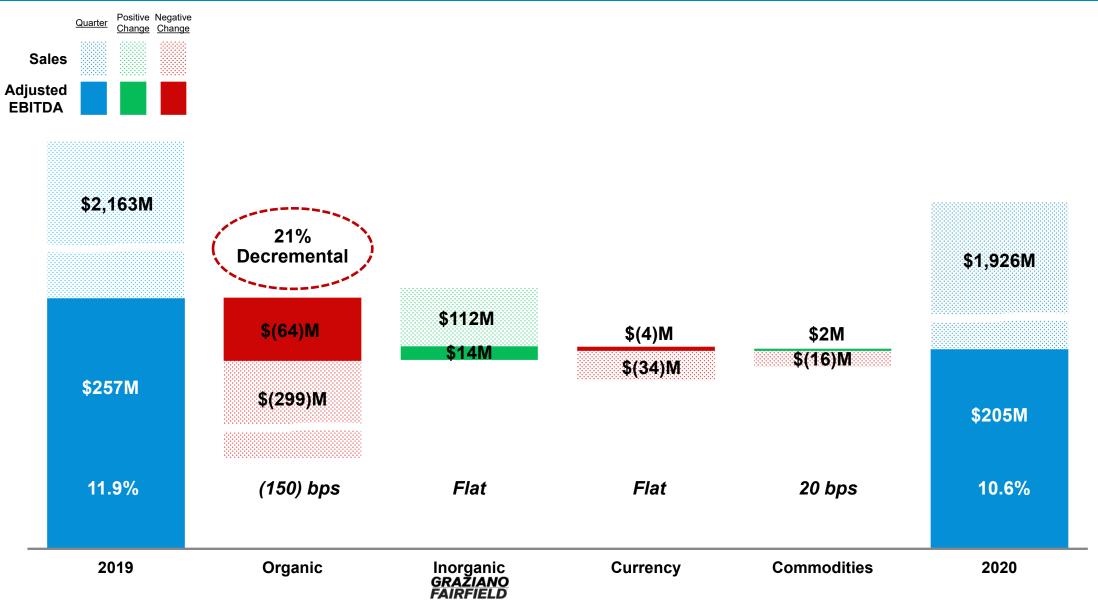
Changes from Prior Year							
(\$ in millions except EPS)		<u>Q1 '20</u>		<u>Q1 '19</u>		<u>Change</u>	
Sales	\$	1,926	\$	2,163	\$	(237)	
Adjusted EBITDA		205		257		(52)	
Margin		10.6%		11.9%		(130) bps	
EBIT		47		140		(93)	
Interest Expense, Net		27		25		2	
Income Tax Expense (Benefit)		(16)		20		(36)	
<b>Net Income</b> (attributable to Dana)		38		98		(60)	
Diluted Adjusted EPS	\$	0.47	\$	6 0.78	\$	6 (0.31)	
Operating Cash Flow		(51)		(16)		(35)	
Capital Spending		63		98		(35)	
Adjusted Free Cash Flow		(114)		(114)		flat	

Financial impact of COVID-19 pandemic experienced in last couple weeks of March



## **2020 Q1 Sales and Profit Changes**

- Organic decline primarily driven by production shutdowns across the globe due to the COVID-19 pandemic
- January and February sales associated with the Graziano and Fairfield businesses acquired on Feb 28<sup>th</sup> of 2019 drove inorganic sales increase
- Currency translation was a headwind to sales primarily due to the weakening of the euro and Brazilian real to the U.S. dollar
- Lower commodity costs modestly increased profit margins



See appendix for comments regarding the presentation of non-GAAP measures

Decremental margin of 21% on lower production due to COVID-19 global pandemic



## 2020 Q1 Cash Flow

- Adj. FCF flat v. prior year as lower profit was offset by lower one-time costs and capital expenditures
- Adj. FCF is typically a use of cash in Q1 due to seasonal working capital requirements
- No stock repurchased in Q1 2020
- Cash flow increase due to revolver draw of \$300M shifting liquidity mix to  $\sim 50$  / 50 between cash and committed financing
- Strengthening of the USD against foreign currencies decreased the value of foreign denominated cash balances

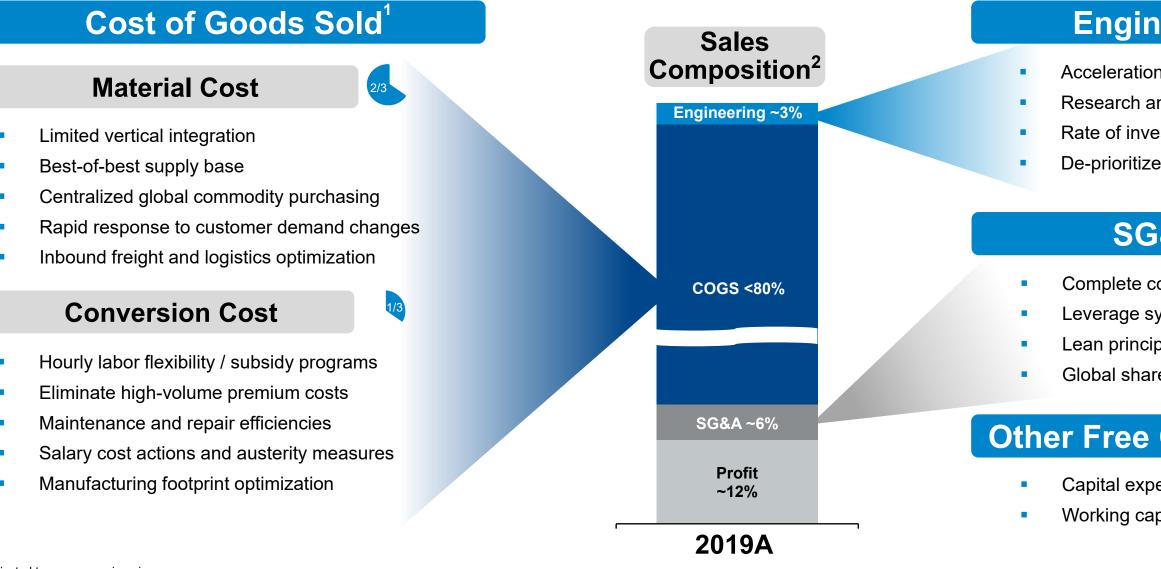
Changes from Prior Year								
(\$ in millions)	Q	<u>1 '20</u>	<u>Q1 '19</u>		<u>Cł</u>	nange		
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	205	\$	257	\$	(52)		
One-time Costs <sup>1</sup>		(11)		(25)		14		
Interest, net		(6)		(11)		5		
Taxes		(17)		(19)		2		
Working Capital / Other <sup>2</sup>		(222)		(218)		(4)		
Capital Spending		(63)		(98)		35		
Adj. Free Cash Flow	\$	(114)	\$	(114)	\$	-		
Dividends		(15)		(14)		(1)		
Share Repurchases		-		(25)		25		
Revolver Draw		300		-		300		
Currency Effect on Cash		(29)		5		(34)		
All Other <sup>3</sup>		(24)		23		(47)		
Total Cash Flow	\$	118	\$	(125)	\$	243		

<sup>1</sup> Includes costs associated with business acquisitions and divestitures and restructuring. <sup>2</sup> Changes in working capital relating to interest, taxes, restructuring, and transaction costs are included in those respective categories. <sup>3</sup>Includes other financing and investing activities. See appendix for comments regarding the presentation of non-GAAP measures.

Q1 Adj. FCF flat from prior year as lower capital spending offset earnings decline



## **Flexible Cost Structure**



1 Adjusted to remove engineering expense

2 Based on 2019 full year results, adjusted for depreciation, amortization, restructuring, and non-recurring items as defined in Adjusted EBITDA See appendix for comments regarding the presentation of non-GAAP measures

### Continued focus on cost reduction required to manage through market downturn



### **Engineering Spend**

Acceleration and scope of commercial recoveries Research and development prioritization Rate of investment in electrified technology

De-prioritize investments in legacy products

### SG&A / Other<sup>1</sup>

Complete cost synergies from recent acquisitions Leverage synergies across all mobility markets Lean principles and process consolidation Global shared services and automation

### **Other Free Cash Flow Impacts**

Capital expenditure delay or deferrals Working capital source of cash

## **Cash Flow Sensitivity Analysis**

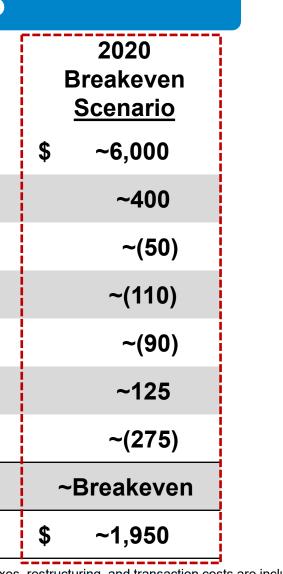
- Original full-year financial guidance has been withdrawn due to abnormally high level of uncertainty regarding endmarket demand
- April sales expected to be down ~75% from prior year with widespread production shutdowns; however, aftermarket and some OEM demand remained
- Most OEM customers communicating resumption of production in May leading to a Q2 sales decline of ~50% from prior year, nearly breakeven adj. EBITDA, and modest use of adj. FCF
- Estimated breakeven point for FY adj. FCF is ~\$6B, a YoY sales decline of ~30%
- Strong YE liquidity under illustrative scenario

2020 Full	Year	Illustrat	ive S	Scenario
(\$ in millions)		2019 <u>Actuals</u>	_	2020 Vithdrawn Guidance
Sales	\$	8,620	\$	~8,500
Adjusted EBITDA		1,019		~1,000
One-time Costs <sup>1</sup>		(81)		~(30)
Interest, net		(107)		~(95)
Taxes		(125)		~(135)
Working Capital / Other <sup>2</sup>		(8)		~20
Capital Spending		(426)		~(385)
Adj. Free Cash Flow	\$	272	\$	~375
YE Liquidity	\$	1,501	\$	~1,500

<sup>1</sup> Includes costs associated with business acquisitions and divestitures and restructuring. <sup>2</sup> Changes in working capital relating to interest, taxes, restructuring, and transaction costs are included in those respective categories. See appendix for comments regarding the presentation of non-GAAP measures.

Full-year guidance withdrawn; sensitivity analysis demonstrates ample liquidity





## **Continued Financial Strength**

- Key credit metrics remain relatively unchanged in the first quarter with net leverage at ~2x and coverage at >9x
- Revolver draw of \$300M delivers new liquidity mix of ~1/2 : ~1/2 compared to previous mix of ~1/3 : ~2/3
- No significant debt maturities for the next few years

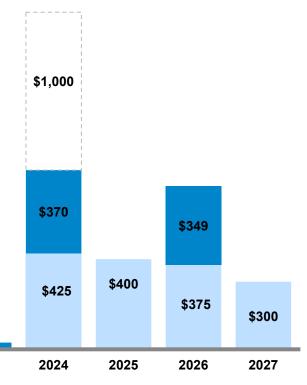
(\$ in millions)						
	<u>12/31/2019</u>	<u>3/31/2020</u>				
Available cash & MS	\$522	\$646				
Cash flow revolver	979	679				
Total Liquidity	\$1,501	\$1,325				
Bonds	1,500	1,500				
Term loans	823	823				
Cash flow revolver draw		300				
Other	75	78				
Total Debt	2,398	2,701				
Net Debt	\$1,876	\$2,055				
Q1 2020 LTM Adj EBITDA	1,019	967				
Net Leverage	1.8x	2.1x			 	
LTM Net Interest	\$107	\$102		\$500	1 1 1	
Coverage	9.5x	9.5x			1	
			\$15	\$30	\$30	
Liquidity mix shifted to more	~1/3 ~2/3 CFR	~1/2 CFR ~1/2	2020	2021	2022 Bonds	

Credit metrics remain strong, liquidity mix shifts to 50/50, and no debt maturities for years

See appendix for comments regarding the presentation of non-GAAP measures



### turity Profile



m Loans 🖸 Bridge 🗇 CFR

© 2020 Dana

17

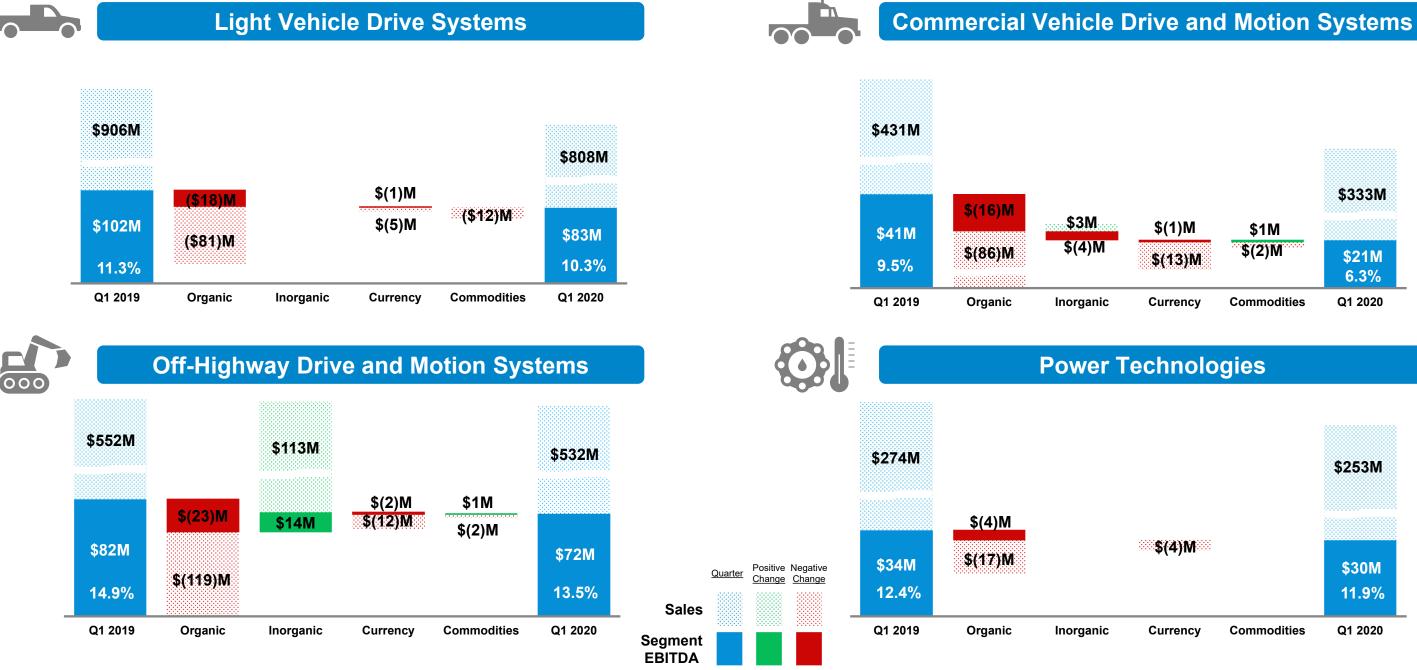


People Finding A Better Way®

Appendix



### **2020 Q1 Sales and Profit Change by Segment**



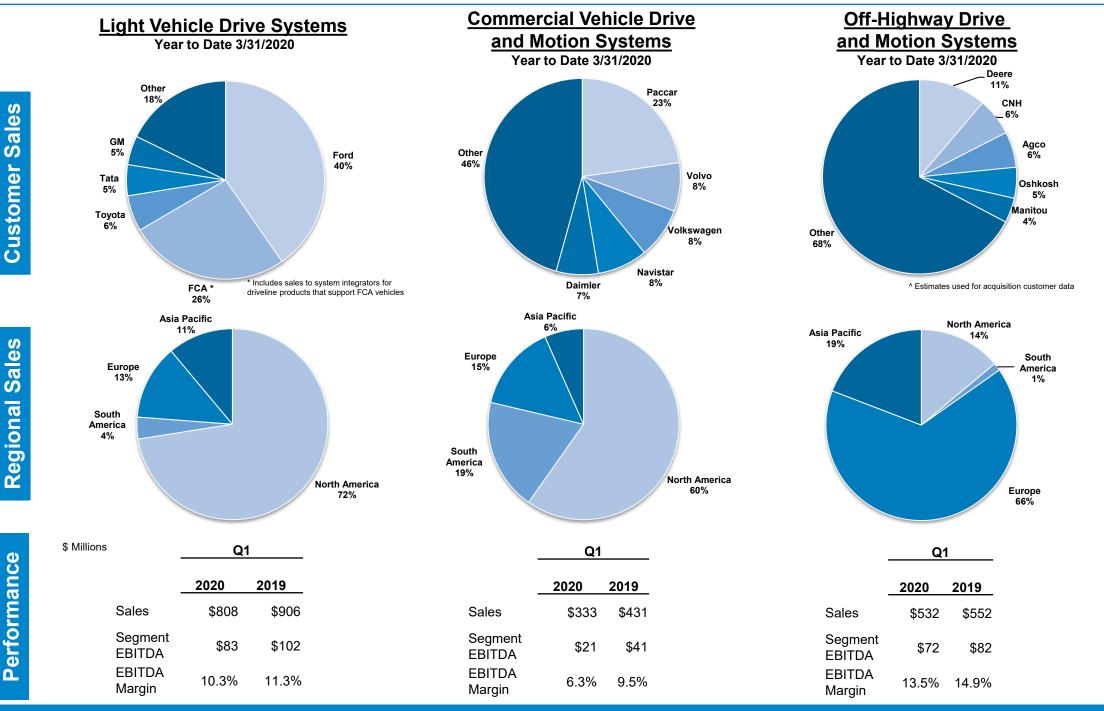
See appendix for comments regarding the presentation of non-GAAP measures



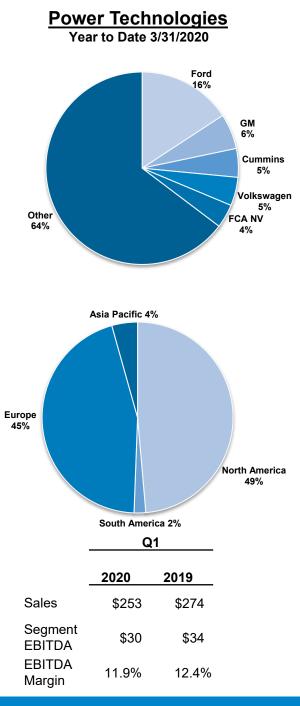




## **Segment Profiles**







## **Diluted Adjusted EPS**

### DANA INCORPORATED Diluted Adjusted EPS (Unaudited) For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2020 and 2019

(In millions, except per share amounts)

		Three Mon	ths En	ded
		March	า 31,	
	2	2020	2	2019
Net income attributable to parent company	\$	38	\$	98
Items impacting income before income taxes:				
Restructuring charges		3		9
Amortization		4		4
Strategic transaction expenses, net of transaction breakup fee income		6		13
Acquisition related inventory adjustments				4
Non-income tax legal judgment				(6)
Impairment of goodwill		51		
Loss on deal contingent forward				13
Otheritems				(1)
Items impacting income taxes:				
Net income tax expense on items above		(3)		(5)
Tax benefit attributable to utilization of federal tax credits, state tax				
law changes and valuation allowance adjustments		(31)		(16)
Adjusted net income	\$	68	\$	113
Diluted shares - as reported		144.8		144.8
Adjusted diluted shares		144.8		144.8
Diluted adjusted EPS	\$	0.47	\$	0.78



## **Segment Data**

### DANA INCORPORATED Segment Sales and Segment EBITDA (Unaudited) For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2020 and 2019

(In millions)	Three Months Ended March 31,			
(		2020		2019
Sales				
Light Vehicle	\$	808	\$	906
Commercial Vehicle		333		431
Off-Highway		532		552
Power Technologies		253		274
Total Sales	\$	1,926	\$	2,163
Segment EBITDA				
Light Vehicle	\$	83	\$	102
Commercial Vehicle		21		41
Off-Highway		72		82
Power Technologies		30		34
Total Segment EBITDA		206		259
Corporate expense and other items, net		(1)		(2)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	205	\$	257

### DANA INCORPORATED Reconciliation of Segment and Adjusted EBITDA to Net Income (Unaudited) For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2020 and 2019

(In millions)

Segment EBITDA
Corporate expense and other items, net
Adjusted EBITDA
Depreciation
Amortization
Non-service cost components of pension and OPEB costs
Restructuring charges, net
Stock compensation expense
Strategic transaction expenses, net of transaction fee breakup income
Impairment of goodwill
Acquisition related inventory adjustments
Non-income tax legal judgment
Otheritems
Earnings before interest and income taxes
Interest income
Interestexpense
Earnings before income taxes
Income tax expense (benefit)
Equity in earnings of affiliates
Net income



Three Months Ended						
March 31,						
2020	2019					
\$ 206	\$	259				
 (1)	,	(2)				
205		257				
(85)		(74)				
(4)		(3)				
(2)		(6)				
(3)		(9)				
(4)		(5)				
(6)		(13)				
(51)						
		(4)				
		6				
 (3)	1	(9)				
47		140				
2		2				
29		27				
20		115				
(16)		20				
2	1	6				
\$ 38	\$	101				

## **Cash Flow**

### DANA INCORPORATED Reconciliation of Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities to Free Cash Flow and Adjusted Free Cash Flow (Unaudited)

Three Months Ended

(In millions)	March 31,				
	2	020	2019		
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(51)	\$	(16)	
Purchases of property, plant and equipment		(63)		(98)	
Free cash flow		(114)		(114)	
Discretionary pension contributions		-	1	-	
Adjusted free cash flow	\$	(114)	\$	(114)	



## **Non-GAAP Financial Information**

Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure which we have defined as net income before interest, income taxes, depreciation, amortization, equity grant expense, restructuring expense, non-service cost components of pension and other postretirement benefit costs and other adjustments not related to our core operations (gain/loss on debt extinguishment, pension settlements, divestitures, impairment, etc.). Adjusted EBITDA is a measure of our ability to maintain and continue to invest in our operations and provide shareholder returns. We use adjusted EBITDA in assessing the effectiveness of our business strategies, evaluating and pricing potential acquisitions and as a factor in making incentive compensation decisions. In addition to its use by management, we also believe adjusted EBITDA is a measure widely used by securities analysts, investors and others to evaluate financial performance of our company relative to other Tier 1 automotive suppliers. Adjusted EBITDA should not be considered a substitute for earnings before income taxes, net income or other results reported in accordance with GAAP. Adjusted EBITDA may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies.

Diluted adjusted EPS is a non-GAAP financial measure which we have defined as adjusted net income divided by adjusted diluted shares. We define adjusted net income as net income attributable to the parent company, excluding any nonrecurring income tax items, restructuring charges, amortization expense and other adjustments not related to our core operations (as used in adjusted EBITDA), net of any associated income tax effects. We define adjusted diluted shares as diluted shares as determined in accordance with GAAP based on adjusted net income. This measure is considered useful for purposes of providing investors, analysts and other interested parties with an indicator of ongoing financial performance that provides enhanced comparability to EPS reported by other companies. Diluted adjusted EPS is neither intended to represent nor be an alternative measure to diluted EPS reported in accordance with GAAP.

Free cash flow is a non-GAAP financial measure which we have defined as net cash provided by (used in) operating activities less purchases of property, plant and equipment. Adjusted free cash flow is a non-GAAP financial measure which we have defined as net cash provided by (used in) operating activities excluding discretionary pension contributions less purchases of property, plant and equipment. We believe these measures are useful to investors in evaluating the operational cash flow of the company inclusive of the spending required to maintain the operations. Free cash flow and adjusted free cash flow are not intended to represent nor be an alternative to the measure of net cash provided by (used in) operating activities reported in accordance with GAAP. Free cash flow and adjusted free cash flow may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies.

The accompanying financial information provides reconciliations of adjusted EBITDA, diluted adjusted EPS, free cash flow and adjusted free cash flow to the most directly comparable financial measures calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP. We have not provided a reconciliation of our adjusted EBITDA and diluted adjusted EPS outlook to the most comparable GAAP measures of net income (loss) and diluted EPS. Providing net income (loss) and diluted EPS guidance is potentially misleading and not practical given the difficulty of projecting event driven transactional and other non-core operating items that are included in net income (loss) and diluted EPS, including restructuring actions, asset impairments and certain income tax adjustments. The accompanying reconciliations of these non-GAAP measures with the most comparable GAAP measures for the historical periods presented are indicative of the reconciliations that will be prepared upon completion of the periods covered by the non-GAAP guidance.

